

Spider veins are tiny red or purple dilated blood vessels that form when veins become enlarged and swollen with stagnant blood. Though smaller than most varicose veins, spider veins are often darker and more noticeable. This is because these veins are located just below the surface of the skin.



More common in women, spider veins may be triggered by pregnancy or hormonal variations that result in the weakening of the vein walls. Spider veins appear when the valves in the vein walls begin to fail as people get older, resulting in the veins stretching and breaking. Eventually, spider veins appear.

Non-symptomatic spider veins may be found on the face and chest as well as the legs.



Although surface veins are mainly a cosmetic problem, they can also be an indication of more serious vein disease deep below the surface. It is always recommended that you consult with your physician first. People tend to use the terms varicose veins and spider veins interchangeably, this is incorrect. Varicose veins are the more serious of the two and lead to surgery more often. Both conditions can escalate from a mild to severe case. Varicose veins are large bulging and twisted veins that are dark purple or blue and CANNOT be treated by LASER pulse therapy. They typically affect the leg area and are more common in women than men.

As people age, developing spider veins, age spots, and broken capillaries is unfortunately part of the process. Just because they are natural, does not mean that you're stuck with these unattractive discolorations on your face, chest and legs forever. One of the fastest and safest ways to get rid of spider veins and similar discolorations is through the use of LASER technology. Large areas can be treated quickly and easily. The LASER pulse targets spider veins and discolorations deep below the surface of the skin while leaving the outer layer of the skin undamaged.